Correspondence

Automobile Coupons.

To the Editor: It has come to our notice that a number of physicians have not signed the auto-mobile coupons carried in the Journal, for fear the office will be over-crowded with zealous auto-mobile salesmen. In order to overcome this and get the greatest amount of good for the Society, we beg to advise you that we will give the name of a prospective customer to but one agency. By this means it is possible to assist us in securing some very profitable advertisements for the Journal at a minimum amount of inconvenience to yourself.

If you have not signed one of these coupons, please do so at once.

Cordially yours, R. E. BERING, THOS. E. SHUMATE.

Medical Military Matters in California.

To the Editor:

The situation in California is progressing in regard to its response to the call for medical officers in the army. Up to the first of September 533 surgeons, or 9.4% of the medical population of the surgeons, or 9.4% of the medical population of the State, had been recommended for appointment in the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps. According to the calculation, however, California's quota for the 20,000 medical officers needed would be 800, so that it still has 260 odd men to supply. These must come from those who are less than 55 years old, have no imperative obligation (such as the charge of an isolated community or necessary work in hospital or medical school or in sanitation), who are able to arrange for the care of their dependents or who have an income apart from their proor who have an income apart from their pro-fessional income, which will support their dependents.

That these should be gotten by a selective draft inside of the medical profession has been urged and agitated by New York and North Carolina especially, the former State having worked out a very elaborate plan by which, inside the profession, this draft could be conducted, and the interests, first of the country, secondly of the community, and thirdly of the formula and individual could be considered. of the family and individual, could be considered with the least wastage of men and of effort. Inasmuch, however, as the voluntary enrollment and acceptance of commissions was going on satisfactorily to the Surgeon-General, so that he had already commissioned enough men to care for an army of a million and enough more recommended for commissions to care for 700,000 more (these numbers may not be strictly accurate at the date of publication), he objected to anything like a selective draft of medical officers.

In each state, in each county, then, it will be necessary for the men who are still needed to be selected personally, and this, which is the suggestion finally made by the Southern Medical Association, of which Dr. Joseph C. Bloodgood of Baltimore is chairman of the Committee on Medical Preparedness, is the plan which had been already adopted in this state, and towards which the California State Committee of National Defense (Medical Section) has been working

cal Section) has been working.

The subject which has been of such great interest in the last few days, particularly since the Selective Service law put the selective draft into operation, viz: the exemption of medical students, operation, viz: the exemption of medical students, hospital interns, and young medical men from the action of the law, has finally been settled by the President by the issuance of supplemental regulations governing the execution of the Selective Service law. (Editor,—See Department of Military News.) It is very satisfactory that a way so definite can be found out of the dilemma in which those who drafted the law found themselves, for they acknowledged from the very beginning the necessity of exempting from service in the ranks the medical man, who represents the highest development at the greatest cost through the longest time of a professional individual, also the partially educated physician in his student days, as the alternative would be an obvious extravagance of a specialized individual. But they did not dare put into the law any clause exempting any one class less they should open a way for other clauses. class, lest they should open a way for other clauses exempting other classes which did not have any

equal claim to exemption.

Very truly,

(Signed) HARRY M. SHERMAN. M. D.

Sept. 13, 1917.

San Francisc San Francisco.

State Society

IMPORTANT NOTICE—INDEMNITY DEFENSE FUND.

Notes are now becoming due. Do not let your membership lapse. Each member will be informed ten days in advance of the due date of his note.

Medical Defense Rules, Section 3: must be paid to the Secretary of the County Medical Society to which each member be-longs prior to the end of February of each year. Any member whose dues are not paid year. Any member whose dues are not paid prior to March 1st and whose name is not reported as having paid his dues by the Secretary of his County Medical Society is dropped from the list of members in good standing as of January 1st of such year, and such member is deprived of Medical Defense afforded by the State Society for the period from January 1st of such year to the period from January 1st of such year to the State Society. Members whose assessments are not received on or before February 15th of each year will be notified by letter from the Secretary of the State Society of such fact."

PUBLICATION COMMITTEE MEETING.

5 P. M., September 4, 1917. Present—Drs. Ewer, Hyman and Reed.

The following matters were discussed and constructive plans outlined for advancing them:

1. Development of the news features of the

2. Preparation of special investigation of certain advertising doctors, newspaper medical advertisements, and medical commercialism.

3. Special publicity and support for the State

Board of Medical Examiners.
4. Introduction of joke column in advertising

pages. 5. Continuation of department of pharmacy and chemistry on a basis of supplying practical technical matter from the pharmaceutical field for the practicing doctor.

Suggestions for Readers of Papers.

The Committee on Scientific Work of the State Medical Society, is planning for the meeting of April, 1918, at Del Monte, and some papers are now in the course of preparation. For the benefit of those who are contemplating reading papers, the following suggestions are offered in the belief that by observing the same there will be more time provided for the discussions, and the program will work more smoothly. The writer is indebted to Dr. Harry M. Sherman, past president of the society for this idea.

Remember that one page of double-spaced type-written copy contains about three hundred words. To be heard and understood by all, a speed of

not more than one hundred and fifty words per minute is the most satisfactory. A ten minute paper then would contain about fifteen hundred words. To save time one should avoid reading long historical prefaces, and references to published papers, unless absolutely necessary to introduce the subject. Lengthy papers had better be condensed for reading and later published in full.

It is desirable to make every endeavor to limit the length of the papers because the program is usually filled weeks before the meeting and excellent papers which are received too late must be crowded out. The Society has grown so large that it has been necessary to divide it into sections. Even with this arrangement it has been found that the meeting hours at our disposal have not been sufficient to accommodate all of the good papers offered the committee. The members desiring to read papers therefore are advised to write to the committee as early as possible, and to condense their articles. The Committee on Scientific Work consists of Harry E. Alderson, chairman; R. A. Peers, secretary; Fitch Mattison and Walter Brem.

(Signed) H. E. ALDERSON.

A great number of physicians, who have enlisted for service during the present war, are embarrassed by unexpired leases, corporations from whom they rent having refused to cancel leases. When physicians are so much needed in the United States Army, every effort should be made to relieve them of contracts rightfully binding in times of peace, but which might better be waived in times of national peril. It is requested that all such cases be reported to Physicians' Lease Committee of the Chicago Rotary Club, which desires to create a strong public opinion favoring the canceling of leases in such cases. If advisable, the matter can be carried for consideration to Congress.

Preparation for an intensive campaign to prevent the spread of tuberculosis in the American Army and among those rejected by the draft will be the theme of the Southwestern Sectional Conference of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, to be held at the Grand Canyon of Arizona, on October 22nd and 23rd. Final details will also be discussed for carrying on the Red Cross Christmas Seal campaign, from which it is hoped to raise the \$3,000,000 necessary for this war work.

The topics considered during the two days' sessions will constitute throughout a unified war program. How to provide adequate care for the thousands of men who will be rejected for the army because of tuberculosis or suspected tuberculosis, or who will be discharged because of this disease before the new army is sent overseas or after it is in France, will form the burden of the conference. Prominent authorities on tuberculosis from this section of the country will be among the speakers.

The first meeting will be a general medical session devoted to the method of discovering tuberculosis in war times, including a discussion of just what constitutes a diagnosis of tuberculosis sufficient for rejection from the army. At the general meeting following this session, the facts and figures in reference to tuberculosis as a war problem will be brought out, together with the machinery available and needed to meet it. This will be followed by round table discussion by nurses, health officers and state and local secretaries.

The Southwestern District includes the states

of California, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas, Colorado, Oklahoma and Nevada. The officers of the conference are: President, Dr. W. Jarvis Barlow, Los Angeles, Cal.; vice-presidents, Dr. John W. Flinn, Prescott, Ariz.; Dr. E. S. Bullock, Silver City, N. M.; Dr. Robert A. Peers, Colfax, Cal.; Dr. Theodore Y. Hull, San Antonio, Tex.; Dr. G. W. Holden, Denver, Colo.; Mr. E. K. Gaylord, Oklahoma City, Okla.; Hon. A. E. Cheney, Reno, Nev.; secretary, John Tombs, Albuquerque, N. M.

Plans have been completed by the American Red Cross and The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis for the opening of the 1917 Red Cross Christmas Seal Sale about November 20, continuing up to January 1. The campaign will seek to raise at least \$3,000,000 for the anti-tuberculosis movement in the United States, or more than double the returns in any previous year. The war has made it imperative that every possible facility for the care of consumptives be enlarged. Attention is called to the fact that the examination of 10,000,000 men subject to the draft, besides thousands of others who are enlisting voluntarily, has already and will continue to disclose thousands of new cases of tuberculosis, which have hitherto been unsuspected.

The money raised from the sale of Red Cross Seals will be distributed throughout the United States and most of it will remain in the communities where the Seals are sold. In every state, however, it is planned to establish a special war fund, to provide immediate facilities for discharged recruits and soldiers.

County Society News

FRESNO COUNTY.

Dr. Harold P. Hare, son of Dr. G. A. Hare, 815 McKinley avenue, and a medical graduate of the University of California, has received a commission as lieutenant in the naval reserve, and is ordered to Mare Island.

Dr. Hare is widely known in Fresno. For the past few months he has been associated with his father, and prior to that served as interne in the University of California hospital.

Dr. Kenneth Staniford has been commissioned lieutenant in the army medical corps and is ordered to the training camp at American Lake, Washington. Warren Paul Staniford, brother of Dr. Staniford, has received his commission as second lieutenant, and will also be stationed at American Lake.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

Drs. Bon. O. Adams, Arthur L. Brown and W. D. Rolph, Riverside physicians, have received their commissions in the sanitary corps, U. S. army, and are here under indefinite leave awaiting call to service. Dr. Adams has been appointed captain and Drs. Brown and Rolph are commissioned lieutenants.

Dr. Adams has served three years in the national guard, state of Colorado. His work will consist of medical duties and problems of camp sanitation for the greater portion of a regiment. He will have charge of some ten sanitary units. Lieutenants Brown and Rolph will each be in charge of a sanitary unit and will have 32 men and women nurses and orderlies under their jurisdiction.